BHARATHIYAR UNIVERSITY, COIMBATORE 641046

For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2022-23 onwards

Minimum qualification for admission to Diploma in Teaching Phonics is pass in Standard X.

Scheme of Examinations

S. no	Title of the course	Credits	Maximum Marks
1	Introduction to English Language Acquisition	4	100
2	Theories and methods of teaching reading	4	100
3	Morphology and syntax	4	100
4	Phonological awareness	4	100
5	Developing Comprehension Skills	4	100
6	Demonstration of Language Skills	4	100
7	Engaging with Books-Reading with Comprehension	4	100
8	Internship	4	100
	Total	32	800

Course Duration – 12 months

Question paper Pattern: Theory **Section A:** (10 x 2=20 Marks) Answer ALL the questions

Section B: $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

Answer ALL the questions either (a) or (b)

Section C: $(5 \times 10 = 50)$

Answer ALL the questions either (a) or (b)

Duration of examinations for all papers is three hours. *Minimum Pass Mark: 40 Marks

DIPLOMA IN TEACHING PHONICS

Paper I – English Language Acquisition

Unit: 1	English Language		
Introduction to Teaching Language – understanding language – Different dictionary explanation of Language –Study of Language acquisition - Understanding the theories of language – B F Skinner- Skinners learning theory – N Chomsky's theory- Bruner – J Piaget's Interactive approach- understanding Functions of Speech- Vygotsky (1896-1934)- understanding the language - view of MM Lewis (1965) on Language thought and Personality			
Unit: 2	Linguists		
CHIC. 2	Emguists	<u>I</u>	
Unit:3	Teaching English as an Additional Language		
Introduction to Teaching English as an Additional Language- Comparison between 1 st Language and 2 nd Language – factors involved in teaching children whose English is an additional language (EAL)			
Unit: 4	Social impact on Language		
Restricted and elaborated coo	les- children from Economicall iences and expectations to com		
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Paper – II –Theories and methods of teaching reading

Methods of teaching reading			
Definitions of reading- models of teaching reading Bottom Up - The Behaviourist theory -			
Top-Down Cognitivist theory - Interactive and simple approach Constructivist theory- (Jim Rose) to reading from Rose Review – Introduction to methods of teaching reading - Alphabeti			
method- Informed Guessing- Look and say and phonics, constructive approach			
method- fillof filed duessing- Look and say and pholics, constituctive approach			
Unit: 2 The importance of semantics			
Introduction of semantics – 7 types of semantics- activities to develop semantic knowledge			
-word taxonomies, teaching homonyms, synonyms and antonyms- explaining how to express			
oneself clearer- increase vocabulary, avoid monotony, emphasise a point understanding			
idioms and euphemisms-			
Unit: 3 Place of pragmatics			
Introduction to pragmatics, Meaning of pragmatics- direct and indirect speech acts- formal			
and informal writing,			
Unit: 4 Comprehending what we read			
Introduction to strategies for comprehension- engaging with books.			
Reading for understanding comprehension -teacher's role in providing resources, setting,			
meaning and function, interaction and practice, teaching how to read aloud to children –			
methods of engaging children with books.			
Unit:5 LOTS- HOTS			
Types of questions- closed -open -probing – leading- loaded – Funnel- recall and process –			
rhetorical-			
Bloom's levels – how to take children from lower order thinking skills to higher order thinking			
skills-remember understand apply analyse evaluate create			
Understanding Higher order thinking skills – definition of higher order thinking skills – how			
to teach higher order thinking skills – problem solving – activities to develop meta cognitive learning			
Teaching children Skimming and Scanning skills- understanding bias and opinion			
reaching chiaren oximining and ocanning oxino understanding bias and opinion			
Reference Books			
1 Christine Morris (2022) <i>Course Manual</i> . Good Word Communication Services			
PVT Ltd: New Delhi			
2 Geoffrey Leech, (1981). Semantics			
3 Liz Waterland, (1988). Read with me. <i>Thimble press</i> : UK			

4	D Moyle, (1987). The Teaching of Reading. Scholastic Publications: Great Britain		
5	J Bennett, (1979). Learning to read with picture books. <i>The Timble Press: England</i>		
6	Liz Waterland, (1985). Read with me- An Apprenticeship Approach to Reading.		
	Thimble Press. Great Britain.		
7	L Waterland, (1989). Apprenticeship in Action- teachers write about read with me.		
	Thimble Press. Great Britain		
8	S Frank, (1973). Psycholinguistics and Reading. <i>Holt, Rinehart and Winston</i> ; United States		
	of America.		

Paper – III – Morphology and Syntax

	Unit: 1	Morphology	
Introduction to morphology- structure of words- types of Morphemes – vowels – consonants –understanding the class structure parts of speech, word structure, base words prefix and suffix			
	Unit: 2	Syntax	
Intro	duction to sentence st	ructure- parts of speech, simple, com	pound, complex and
comp	ound- complex senter	ices, comparing phrases, clauses, sen	tences,
	Unit:3	Syllable structure	
Exan	nination of syllable typ	es C L O V E R (closed, consonant le	, open, vowel team, Vowel
conso	onant e, R affected vov	vel)	
	Unit:4	Creating interesting sentences	
Impo	rtance of punctuation	in reading and writing- FANBOYS, ci	reating super sentences -
	•		
	Unit:5	Aspects of punctuation	
Imna		ading and understanding – use of stre	ess and intonation- full stons
		n marks, colons, semi colons	sis und intonation Turi stops,
	ence Books	marks, verens, semi verens	
1		2022) <i>Course Manual</i> . Good Wor	d Communication Services
1	PVT Ltd: New Delh		a dominamention betvices
2	M Margaret, (1990). How Texts Teach What Readers Learn. <i>Thimble Press; Great</i>		
_	Britain.	. How Texts Teach What Redders I	eam. Thimore Tress, Great
	Dimmii.		
3	M Clark & Ted Glynn, (1980). Reading and Writing for the Child with Difficulties.		
	Educational Review: Birmingham		
4	Gough, P.B & Tunmer, W.E, (1986). Decoding, Reading and Reading Disability.		
	Gough, 1.D & Tulli	ici, 11.11, (1700). Decounig, Reaum	5 und Reading Disability.
5	Christopher Brumfit	Jayne Moon & Ray Tongue (1991).Te	eaching English to Children
]	From Practice to Principle. <i>CollinsELT, A Division of Harper Collins Publishers</i> : London,		
	Great Britain		- ,

Paper – IV - Phonological awareness

	Unit: 1	Spoken and written language	
Introduction to phonological awareness -Differences between spoken and written English -			
	Unit: 2	Articulation of sounds	
Pho	nological awareness- a	articulating sounds/comparing English	and Indian language.
	Unit:3	Phonological awareness	
Intr	oduction to phonologi	cal awareness: Rhyming and Alliterati	ion, Sentence
Segr	nentation, Syllable seg	gmentation and blending, onset and ri	me
	Unit:4	Phonemic awareness	
Intr	oduction to phonemic	awareness - phoneme isolation, blen	ding, segmenting,
addi	ition, deletion, substit	ution	
	Unit:5	Phoneme- grapheme matching	
Insig	ght into English phonet	ics- blends, digraphs, trigraphs, split dig	raphs, use of 'y' as a vowel,
Refe	erence Books		
1	Christine Morris (2022) <i>Course Manual</i> . Good Word Communication Services PVT Ltd: New Delhi		
2	Violet Brand (1999). Spelling Made Easy Introductory level to Level 3 Series Egon		
	Publishers Ltd and Violet Brand: Streetprinters, England		
3	Zehra Shervani & Neera Taneja (2003). Working with Sounds Phonics Book Series 0		
	to 6, Sterling Publishers Pvt, New Delhi		
4	Beve Hornsby, Frula Shear and Julie Pool (1999). Alpha to Omega, The A-Z of Teaching		
	Reading, Writing and Spelling, Heinemann Educational Publishers: Oxford, UK		
5	Beve Hornsby & Julie Pool (1997). Alpha to Omega Stage One Plus Activity Pack, Stage 1		
	& Stage 2. Heinemann Educational Publishers: Oxford, UK		
6	Elizabeth Wood (2002). Strengthen your Spelling, British Library Cataloguing. British		

PAPER V Practical 1 Demonstration on Language Skills

1	Build a semantic map based on of the 7 types of Semantics
2	Create activities to show how pragmatics are an integral part of learning to read
3	Design a classroom environmentlist the experiences we provide and expectation we set to develop reading skills

PAPER V Practical 2 Engaging with Books-Reading with Comprehension

1	Create activities to engage a student with reading a book - any age level
2	Demonstrate the use of Blooms taxonomy in developing comprehension

PAPER V Practical 3

Report writing		
1	Prepare a report on the steps required in teaching phonics for a child in level 2 of the	
	reading programme	
Note: Each student undergo practical in the given practical components of Paper I, II & III and		

submit report in the form of record on the completion of the practical.

PAPER V1 INTERNSHIP

1	Prepare a report on your successful of introducing the Good Word Reading Programme
	to your class.

Each student has to undergo an Internship in selected School for a period of 20 hours. Select a student for the case study and submit an Internship Report on the completion of the internship training.

For the case study, the details of the student, level of disability and other information should be collected and recorded.

He/ She has to observe the overall activities i.e., administration, curricular and co-curricular activities, teaching – learning method, structure of the classroom, available resources etc., of the educational institution.

Hundred marks will be awarded for both record submission (40 marks) and evaluation (60 marks).

Evaluation procedure for Practical and Internship

The following break up of marks will be followed for assessment of practical papers I, II, III and Internship

the internally.		
1	Submission of report	40 marks
2	Valuation by internal examiner	60 marks
	Total	100 marks